



Instructions: Use the word bank to label the map. Read the Did you know? box. Number the 4 events in order, tick True or False, match each word to its meaning, then write short answers.

Word bank (places): Alexandria Antioch Athens Carthage Londinium Pont du Gard Rome

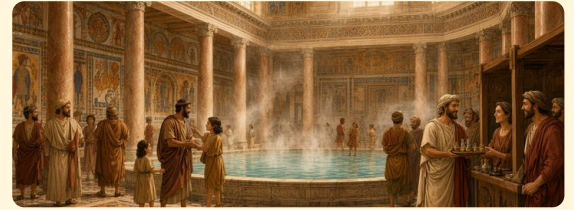
1. Label the map



1 _____ 2 _____ 3 _____ 4 _____
5 _____ 6 _____ 7 _____

Did you know?

- Pax Romana means 'Roman Peace'. It lasted about 200 years.
- Aqueducts carried fresh water into Roman towns.
- Many Romans lived in blocks of flats called insulae.



A day at the baths

About this story

Pax Romana means 'Roman Peace'. Historians use it for roughly 27 BC (Augustus) to 180 AD (the death of Marcus Aurelius). There were still wars on the frontiers and revolts, but inside the empire trade and travel were safer than ever before. Around 60 million people may have lived in the empire.

2. Put the events in order

Write 1 to 4 in the boxes (1 = first).

- | | |
|---|---|
| ☐ Colosseum opens | ☐ Augustus becomes emperor |
| ☐ Marcus Aurelius dies | ☐ Hadrian's reign |

3. True or false?

Pax Romana means 'Roman Peace'.	☐ True	☐ False
The Colosseum opened in 80 AD.	☐ True	☐ False
Most Romans lived in large houses with gardens.	☐ True	☐ False
Much of Rome's grain came from Egypt and North Africa.	☐ True	☐ False

4. Match up

Write the letter of the right meaning in the box.

Pax Romana	A. Central square for markets and meetings.
Aqueduct	B. The Roman Peace, about 27 BC to 180 AD.
Forum	C. An apartment block.
Insula	D. A channel carrying water to a city.

5. Short answers

- Name three buildings found in a Roman town.

- Where did Rome get grain?

- What was the room with hot water at the baths called?

- Explain in your own words: In your own words, explain what 'Pax Romana' means.

- Stretch: Describe how goods travelled around the empire.

